38-3040 Financial Statements And Independent Auditors' Report

Year Ended February 29, 2004



Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04) Auditing Procedures Report

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Local Gove	rnment Type Town		✓Village	· 🗀	Other	Village of	ent Name Grass Lake			1	_{inty} ickson	
Audit Date 2/29/04				on Date			Date Accountan	t Report Submitte	ed to State:			
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						to practice in	<i>Units of</i> Govern n Michigan.	amen ir wigi	ilgan as levise		DEC 2	9 2004
We furthe		e followi	ing. "Yes				closed in the fi	nancial stater	nents, includir	AVBQTT	kesopy ig	the report of FINANCE DIV.
You must	check the	applical	ble box f	for eacl	n item b	elow.						
Yes	√ No	1. Ce	ertain cor	mponei	nt units/	funds/agencie	es of the local	unit are exclu	ded from the	financial	stateme	nts.
√ Yes	☐ No		ere are 5 of 198		ulated «	deficits in one	e or more of t	nis unit's unre	eserved fund	balances	/retained	d earnings (P.A.
Yes	√ No		iere are nended).		ces of	non-complian	ice with the U	niform Accou	unting and Bu	udgeting a	Act (P.A	. 2 of 1968, as
Yes	√ No						litions of either the Emergen			the Muni	cipal Fir	nance Act or its
Yes	√ No						ents which do of 1982, as as			requiren	nents. (F	P.A. 20 of 1943,
Yes	 ✓ No	6. Th	e local u	init has	been d	telinquent in d	distributing tax	revenues tha	t were collecte	ed for and	other tax	king unit.
Yes	√ No	7. pe	nsion be	enefits	(norma	costs) in the		If the plan is	s more than 1	00% fund	ded and	ent year earned the overfunding r).
Yes	√ No		ne local ICL 129.:		es cred	dit cards and	has not adop	oted an appli	cable policy a	as require	ed by P	A. 266 of 1995
Yes	√ No	9. Th	ne local u	ınit has	not ad	opted an inve	stment policy	as required by	y P.A. 196 of	1997 (MC	L 129.9	5).
We have	e enclosed	I the fol	llowing:						Enclosed		Be arded	Not Required
	er of comm				tions.				✓			
Reports	on individe	ual feder	ral financ	cial ass	istance	programs (pr	rogram audits)					✓
Single A	udit Repor	ts (ASL	GU).									✓
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Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Village of Grass Lake Jackson County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Village of Grass Lake as of and for the year ended February 29, 2004, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Village of Grass Lake as of February 29, 2004, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated August 25, 2004, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Village of Grass Lake. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Welle & Turanth, Dic.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.,

August 25, 2004



Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standardards

Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Village of Grass Lake Jackson County, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Grass Lake of and for the year ended February 29, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated August 25, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Grass Lake's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Grass Lake's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of the Village of Grass Lake in a separate letter dated August 25, 2004.

This report is intended soley for the information of the City Council, management and state agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified.

willy 5 Juranet Ac.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.

August 25, 2004

Village of Grass Lake
Combined Balance Sheet
All Fund Types and and Account Groups, and Discretely Presented Component Units
February 29, 2004

	Account Groups	(Memorandum Only)	Component Unit Downtown	(Memorandum Only)	
	ed Asset		Development	Reporting	
	Group	Government	Authority	Entity	
\$	-	\$ 1,039,685	\$ 72,580	\$ 1,112,265	
		51, 005	-	51,005	
	-	14,748	-	14,748	
	-	390,034		390,034	
	-	29,561	61,222	90,783	
	-	20,290	-	20,290	
	-		21,329	21,329	
	-	37,202		37,202	
	-	21,263	-	21,263	
	2.986	4.958,222		4.958.222	
\$	2,986	\$ 6.562,010 §	155,131		
\$	- !		- 9	,	
	-	20,290	-	20,290	
	-	18,213		18,213	
	-	21,329	-	21,329	
	•	63,429	-	63,429	
	•	37,202	-	37,202	
	·	3.770.000		3,770.000	
		3.945,574		3.945.574	
٠.					
	-	2,022,666		2,022,666	
	2,986	2,986	_	2,986	
	-	52,740		52,740	
		E20 044	455 454	•	
	2,986	538,044	<u> 155,131</u> _	693,175	
	<u> </u>	2.616,436	<u> 155.131</u>	2,771.567	
\$	2.986 \$	6,562,010 \$	155,131 \$	6 717 141	

Village of Grass Lake
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Fund Types and Discretely Presented Component Units
Year Ended February 29, 2004

			Total (Memorandum	ComponentUnit	Total (Memorandum
	Governmer	tal Fund Types	Only)	Downtown	Only)
		Special	Primary	Development	Reporting
	General	Revenue	Government	Authority	Entity
Revenues:					
Taxes and penalties	\$ 146,517	7 \$ -	\$ 146,517	\$ 83,078	\$ 229,595
Licenses and permits	1,138	3 -	1,138		1,138
Intergovernmental	110,920	90,337		-	201,257
Charges for services	6,832	14,775			21,607
Fines and forfeitures	1,452	?	1,452		1,452
Interest and other revenue	12.412	933	•	504	13,849
Total revenues	279,271	106.045		83.582	468,898
•					
Expenditures:					
General government	103,292		103,292	1,611	104,903
Public safety	52,252	14,779		-,0,1	67,031
Highways and streets	30,611	78,349	108,960		108,960
Sanitation	7,273		7,273		7,273
Community development		· <u></u>		3,415	3.415
	,				——————————————————————————————————————
Total expenditures	193,428	93.128	286,556	5,026	291,582
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	85,843	12.917	98,760	78,556	177,316
•		· · · · · ·			111,010
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	-	35,000	35,000	_	35,000
Operating transfers out	(25.000)		(25,000)	(45,000)	(70.000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,000)	35.000	10,000	(45,000)	(35.000)
				1.0.000/	(00.000)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	60,843	47,917	108,760	33,556	142,316
	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;				1-12,010
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	308,149	121,135	429,284	121,575	550,859
_ * .					
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 368,992	<u>\$ 169.052</u> \$	538.044	155,131	693,175

Village of Grass Lake
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual - General Fund and Special Revenue Funds
Year Ended February 29, 2004

	General Fund			Special Revenue Funds			
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable	
Revenues:			Tomasolablar	- Danger	ACTUAL	(Unfavorable)	
Taxes and penalties	\$ 147,965 \$	146,517	\$ (1,448)	s	s .	s .	
Licenses and permits	1,113	1,138	25	•	• -	• -	
Intergovernmental	100,018	110,920	10,902	94.846	00 337	// F00	
Charges for services	6,432	6,832	400	15,000	90,337	(4,509)	
Fines and forfeitures	1,404	1,452	48	13,000	14,775	(225)	
Interest and other revenue	12,001	12.412	411	900	000	-	
Total Revenues	268.933	279.271	10.338	110.746	933 106.045	<u>33</u> (4.701)	
Expenditures:						,	
General government	115,853	103,292	12,561		•	•	
Public safety	53,686	52,252	1,434	47.675	•	• -	
Highways and streets	33,700	30,611	3,089	17,075	14,779	2,296	
Sanitation	8.000	7.273	727	109,590	78,349	31,241	
Total expenditures	211.239	193,428	17,811	126,665	93,128	33,537	
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	57.694	85.843	28.149	(15,919)		28.836	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers in	_			25 222	**		
Operating transfers out	(25,000)	(25,000)	•	35,000	35,000	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25.000)	(25,000)		35.000	35,000	<u> </u>	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	32,694	60,843	28,149	19,081	47,917	28,836	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	308.149	308.149		121.135	121.135	·	
Fund Balances - End of Year	340.843 \$	368.992	28.149	\$ <u>140,216</u> §	169,052 \$	28.836	

Village of Grass Lake Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings/Fund Balance Proprietary Fund Types and Similar Trust Funds Year Ended February 29, 2004

	Proprietary Fund Types		_ Total	
	Ente	rprise	Internal Service	(Memorandum
Operating Revenues:	•			
Charges for services Rental income	\$ 4	417,553 \$	-	\$ 417,553
Other operating revenue		-	73,816	73,816
Total operating revenues		141.700		141.700
, our sportaring to contact		559,253	73.816	633,069
Operating Expenses	3	373, 79 1	53,190	426,981
Operating Income	1	85,462	20,626	206,088
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest earnings		5,098		5.000
Interest expense	,	58,952)	(0.404)	5,098
Operating transfers in	•	•	(6,101)	(65,053)
Operating transfers out	•	45,000	2,000	47,000
Total non-operating revenue (expense)		(0.0E4)	(12,000)	(12,000)
Company,		(8.854)	(1 <u>6,101</u>)	(24,955)
Net Income	17	76,608	4,525	181,133
Retained Earnings/Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	(24	11.079)	112.686	(128,393)
Retained Earnings/Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ (6	34.471) \$	117.211	52,740

Combined Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types Year Ended February 29, 2004

	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Net Income (loss)	\$ 176,608	\$ 4,525	\$ 181,133
Adjustment to reconcile net income to cash			
provided by operating activities			
Depreciation	110,930	21,415	132,345
Change in accounts receivable	(5,549)		(5,549)
Change in inventories	33,746	. •	33,746
Change in accounts payable	2,255	1,359	3,614
Change in interfund payable	<u></u>	5,972	5,972
Net cash provided by operating activities	317,990	33,271	351,261
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Transfers in	45,000	2,000	47,000
Transfers out		(12,000)	(12,000)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	45,000	(10,000)	35,000
Cash Flows From Capital and Related			
Financing activities			
Collections on advance to other funds	7,296	_	7,296
Payments on advance to other funds	.,200	(7,296)	(7,296)
Proceeds from note payable		24,299	24,299
Principal payment on bonds and notes	(215,000)	(12,883)	(227,883)
Interest paid on bonds and notes	(58,952)	(6,101)	(65,053)
Collections on special assessments	41,467	(0,101)	
Contributions from customers	27,282		41,467
Net cash provided by capital and related	(197,907)	(4.004)	27,282
financing activities	(137,307)	(1,981)	(199,888)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Interest received on investments	5,098		5,098
Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	170,181	21,290	191,471
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	285,359	43,556	328,915
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	<u>\$ 455,540</u>	\$ 64,846 \$	520,386

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Village of Grass Lake (the "Village" or "government") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

The Village was incorporated under the provisions Act of 1895, as amended (General Law Village). The Village operates under a Council form of government and provides various services as authorized by its charter. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Village (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the Village's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the Village.

Discretely Presented Component Units – The component unit column in the combined financial statements includes the financial data of the Village's component unit. This unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Village.

Component Unit

<u>Downtown Development Authority</u> – The members of the governing board of the Downtown Development Authority are appointed by the Village Council. The budgets and expenditures of the Downtown Development Authority must be approved by the Village Council. The Village also has the ability to significantly influence operations of the Downtown Development Authority. The Downtown Development Authority uses governmental fund type accounting.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the government are organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Account groups are a reporting device to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds not recorded directly in those funds.

The government has the following fund types and account groups:

Governmental Funds

Are used to account for the Village's general government activities. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Notes to Financial Statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Governmental funds include the following fund types:

General Fund – The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects).

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds account for the servicing of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The government applies all applicable FASB pronouncements issued prior to November 30, 1989, in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations. Proprietary funds include the following fund types:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – Internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Account Groups

The general fixed assets account group is used to account for fixed assets not accounted for in proprietary or trust funds. The general long-term debt account group is used to account for general long-term debt and certain other liabilities that are not specific liabilities of proprietary or trust funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Budgetary Accounting

Operating budgets are adopted for all governmental fund types each fiscal year on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and are not significantly different form the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures. Reported budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Village Council. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. The legal level of control is at the activity level. The Village does not utilize a formal encumbrance system.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an original maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Due to and From Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from Interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.

<u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method, which approximates fair value. The cost of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchases.

Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are recorded as expenditures in the applicable funds at the time of purchase and are accounted for in the General Fixed Asset Group of Accounts. All fixed assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at their estimated fair value on the date donated. No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets.

Fixed assets in proprietary funds are recorded at cost and depreciation is provided in amounts sufficient to depreciate the cost of fixed assets over their estimated service lives on a straight-line basis. The following estimated useful lives are used:

	YEARS
Equipment	5.
Building and building improvements	- 20
Water/Sewer system	50

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt obligations of the Village, which are expected to be repaid out of general governmental revenues, are recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Obligations that are expected to be repaid out of proprietary fund revenues are recorded as liabilities of the respective funds.

Fund Equity

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital contributions from customers or other funds. The unreserved, undesignated fund balances of governmental funds represent the amount available for future appropriations. Designated fund balance denotes that portion of fund equity for which the Village has made tentative plans. Reserved retained earnings for proprietary funds represents the net assets that have been identified for specific purposes.

Property Tax Revenue

Property tax revenue is normally recognized in the year for which taxes have been levied, provided they are collectible during that year or within 60 days following that year's end. Approximately \$14,000 in delinquent property taxes from the Village's 2003 tax levy are included in taxes receivable at February 28, 2004, and will be received from the County after February 29, 2004. These delinquent taxes, however, are reflected as revenues in 2003/2004 since they represent taxes levied as well as budgeted for 2003/2004.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers. Operating subsidies are also recorded as operating transfers.

The internal service funds are used to record charges for services to all Village departments and funds as operating revenues. All Village funds record these payments to the internal service funds as operating expenditures/expenses.

Pensions

The Village does not proved a pension plan for either its full or part-time employees.

Compensated Absences

Village personnel policies provide full-time employees with one week of vacation leave after one year of employment; two weeks after two years; and three weeks after five years. Sick leave is granted at the rate of one day per month, limited to an accumulated of thirty days. Neither vacation nor sick time are recorded until paid. Current accumulated leave is immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements

2. Fund Equity (Deficits)

At February 29, 2004, the Sewer Enterprise Fund had a deficit retained earnings of \$275,681. It is anticipated that the deficit will be eliminated through a combination of future service charges and operating funds.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

A summary of the caption cash and cash equivalents on the combined balance sheet, including the component unit amounts, consist of the following depository accounts by type:

Cash in demand accounts	\$ 530,997
Cash on hand	120
Money market fund	<u>581,148</u>
	\$1.112.265

The Village of Grass Lake is authorized by the Council to invest surplus funds in the following:

- Bonds, securities other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial Institution.
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less that two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- Banker's acceptances of United States banks.
- Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rates
 as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- Mutual funds registered under the investment company act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended.

A0000t February 29, 2004, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits were classified as follows:

	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Bank <u>Balance</u>
Insured (FDIC) Uninsured, uncollateralized	\$ 105,429 <u>1,006,716</u> \$ <u>1,112,145</u>	\$ 105,429 <u>990,616</u> \$1.096,045

4. Property Taxes

The Village property tax is levied each July 1 on the assessed valuation of property located in the Village as of the preceding December 31, the lien date. Assessed values are established annually by the County and are equalized by the State at an estimated 50% of current market value. Real and personal property in the Village for the 2003 levy was assessed and equalized at \$21,115,323, representing 50% of estimated current market value. The Village operating tax rate for the 2003 levy was 8.0007 mills.

Village of Grass Lake Notes to Financial Statements

5. Fixed Assets

Activity in the General Fixed Assets Account Group of the primary government for the year ended February 29, 2004 was as follows:

	Computer
	<u>Equipment</u>
Beginning balance	 \$ 2,986
Additions	0
Ending balance	\$ 2.986

The following is a summary of proprietary fund type fixed assets at February 29, 2004:

		nterprise Funds		nal Service Fund
Land Building Systems and improvements Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation Totals	3 <u>(68</u>	0 0 2,841 1,120 4,626) 9,335	\$ \$	49,792 165,494 0 169,770 (209,155) 175,901

6. Long -Term Debt

The long-term debt of the Village is summarized as follows:

Enterprise Fund – Sewer Fund: 2.0% 1993 Michigan State	Balance 03/01/03	Additions	Reductions	Balance 2/29/04
Revolving Loan Fund				
Program bonds	\$1,735,000	\$ -	\$ (130,000)	\$1,605,000
Enterprise Fund – Water Fund: 2.5% 2002 Michigan State Revolving Loan Fund Program Bonds	2,255,000		(90,000)	2,165,000
Internal Service Funds – Equipment Pool Fund				•
4.5% Vehicle Loan	-	24,299	(8,402)	15,897
Ointernal Service Funds: Building and Grounds Maintenance Fund –				
8.5% 1977 Land Contract	<u>52,013</u>	·	<u>(4,481</u>)	47,532
Total long-term debt	\$ <u>4.042.013</u>	\$ <u>24,299</u>	\$ <u>(232,883)</u>	\$ <u>3,833,429</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

6. Long -Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements on this debt as of February 29, 2004, including interest payments of \$386,972, are as follows:

	Enterprise	Internal <u>Service</u>	Total
Years Ending February 28:			
2005	\$ 305,063	\$ 18,092	\$ 323,155
2006	310,025	18,088	328,113
2007	304,950	9,600	314,550
2008	304,825	9,600	314,425
2009	309,600	9,600	319,200
Thereafter	3,000,932	12,352	3,013,284
	4,535,395	77,332	4,612,727
Less interest	<u>765,395</u>	13,903	779,298
Total long-term debt	\$ <u>3,770,000</u>	\$ <u>63,429</u>	\$ <u>3,833,429</u>

7. Interfund Receivables and Payable

interfund balances at February 29, 2004, are as follows:

Advance from/to Other Funds:	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interf <u>Paya</u>	
Enterprise Funds:			
Sewer fund Internal Service Fund:	\$ 37,202	\$	-
Building and Grounds Maintenance Fund		37.20	<u>02</u>
	\$ <u>37,202</u>	\$ <u>37,20</u>	<u> </u>

Interfund balances at February 29, 2004, are as follows:

	Interfi <u>Receiva</u>		Interfund Payables
Due from/to Primary Government and Component Unit:		٠.	•
Primary Government:			
General Fund			
Component Unit:	\$	-	\$ 21,329
Downtown Development Authority	_21.3	29	_
	\$ <u>21.3</u>	29	\$ <u>21.329</u>

The Building and Grounds maintenance Internal Service Fund had a negative cash balance in the pooled cash account as of February 29, 2004 of \$20,290. The overdraft on the cash pool is reported as Interfund payable in the Building and Grounds Maintenance Internal Service Fund and the related Interfund receivable is recorded in the General Fund.

Village of Grass Lake Notes to Financial Statements

8. Contributed Capital

The contributed capital of the Village is summarized as follows:

	Balance 03/01/03	Additions	Balance 02/29/04
Enterprise Fund – Sewer Fund:	\$1,941,213	\$ 27,282	\$1,968,495
Contributions from customers	<u>54,171</u>	0	54,171
Contributions from other funds	\$ <u>1,995,384</u>	\$ 27.282	\$ <u>2,022,666</u>

9. Operating Transfers

Following is a summary of transfers between funds of the Village for the year ended February 29, 2004. These transfers are part of the normal budgetary process and are necessary to provide resources in appropriate funds as designated by the Council:

	<u>Oper</u> <u>In</u>	ating Transfers Out
Operating Transfers from/to Other Funds:		
General Fund Special Revenue Funds –	\$	- \$ 25,000
Local Street Fund Internal Service Fund –	35,00	0
Village Hall and Grounds Equipment Pool	2,00	0 <u>12,000</u>
Transfers from/to Primary Government	\$ <u>.37.00</u>	<u>)</u> \$ <u>37.000</u>
and Component Unit: Primary Government:		
Sewer Enterprise Fund Component Unit:	\$ 45,000) \$ -
Downtown Development Authority	\$ <u>45,000</u>	45,000 \$ 45,000

10. Shared Services Agreements

The Jackson County Sheriff Department provides law enforcement services to the Village and it's residents. Under this agreement, the Village is billed monthly on an hourly basis for the services provided.

Grass Lake Township provides fire protection services to the Village and its residents, which is funded through a tax levy on Village and Township property owners. The Township levies and collects all of these property taxes.

Village of Grass Lake Notes to Financial Statements

11. Segment Information For Enterprise Funds

The Village maintains two Enterprise Funds, which provide sewer and water services (utility segment). Segment information for the year ended February 29, 2004 is follows:

	<u>Sewer</u>	Water	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenue Depreciation Operating income (loss) Transfer in from component unit Net loss Capital contributions Fixed asset additions Working capital Total assets Bonds payable Total equity	\$ 333,640 62,787 86,901 45,000 102,888 27,282 - 362,395 2,477,000 1,605,000 1,746,989	\$ 225,613 48,143 98,561 73,720 (16,125) 2,302,335 2,165,000	\$ 559,253 110,930 185,462 45,000 176,608 27,282 346,270 4,779,335 3,770,000
· 1· ··•	1,740,909	2,377,738	1,985,195

12. Risk Managment

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended February 29, 2004, the Village carried commercial insurance to cover all risks of losses. The Village had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in any of the pas three fiscal years.

Supplemental Information

Village of Grass Lake
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual
General Fund
Year Ended February 29, 2004

			Variance Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:	٠.		2,000
Taxes and Penalties	\$ 147,965	<u>\$ 146,517</u>	<u>\$ (1.448)</u>
Licenses and Permits	1,113	1,138	25
Intergovernmental			
Sales tax revenue sharing	99,181	110,083	10,902
Liquor tax	837	837	
Total intergovernmental	100,018	110.920	10.902
Charges for Services	6.432	6.832	. 400
	- VITUZ	0.032	400
Fines and Forfeitures	1,404	1,452	48
Independent of the second	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Interest and other revenue		·	
Interest	10,501	10,953	452
Other	1.500	1.459	(41)
Total interest and rentals	12,001	12,412	411
Total revenues	268,933	279,271	10.338
Expenditures:			
General Government			
Council	22,645	24.005	40.5
President	4,004	21,005	1,640
Manager	9,300	3,861 11,308	143
Clerk	14,645	9,500	(2,008)
Assessor	355	9,500 355	5,145
Treasurer	14,093	10,129	2.004
Elections	1,086	859	3,964
Unallocated	23,550	22,243	227
Building and grounds	<u></u>	24,032	1,307
Total general government	115,853	103,292	2.143 12.561
Public Safety		•	
Police	47,000	40.000	
Planning		46,922	78
Total public safety	<u>6.686</u>	<u>5,330</u>	1.356
	53,686	52.252 _	1.434
Highways and Streets	33,700 _	30,611	3,089

Village of Grass Lake
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual
General Fund
Year Ended February 29, 2004

Expanditures (Cantinual)	Budget Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures (Continued):	•	
Sanitation	\$ 8,000 <u>\$</u> 7,2	73 \$ 727
Total expenditures	211.239 193.4	2817.811
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	57.69485,8	13 28.149
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	•	•
Transfers out	(25.000) (25.00	00)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	32,694 60,84	3 28,149
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	308,149308,14	9
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 340.843 \$ 368.99	2 \$ 28.149

Village of Grass Lake Combining Balance Sheet Special Revenue Funds February 29, 2004

	Building				
		Major	Local	Inspection	
·	. <u> </u>	Street	Street	Department	Total
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	80,170 \$	70.215	\$ 7,412 \$	157,797
Due from other governmental units		13,032	3,586	- 111724	16,618
Total assets	\$	93,202 \$		\$ 7,412 \$	174,415
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	<u>\$</u>	2,371 \$	2,992	\$ -\$	5,363
Total liabilities		2.371	2,992		5,363
Fund Balances:					
Unreserved:undesignated		90,831	70,809	7,412	169,052
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	93,202 \$	73,801	\$ 7.412 \$	<u>174,415</u>

Village of Grass Lake
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Special Revenue Funds
Year Ended February 29, 2004

		Wajor Street	Local Street	Building Inspection Department	Total
Revenues:					
State grants	\$	70,624 \$	19,713	\$ - \$	00 227
Charges for services	•	-	15,7 15	14,775	90,337
Interest and rentals	•	535	398	14,775	14,775
Total revenues	·	71,159	20.111	14,775	933 106,045
Expenditures:	•				
Public works		41,809	36,540		70 240
Public safety		,,	-	14.779	78,349
Total expenditures		41.809	36,540	14,779	14,779 93,128
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		29.350	(16,429)	(4)	12,917
Other Financing Sources:					·
Operating transfer in			32,000	3,000	35,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		29,350	15,571	2,996	47,917
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		61,481	55,238	4,416	121,135
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	90,831 \$	70,809	\$ 7,412 \$	169,052

Village of Grass Lake
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Major Street Fund
Year Ended February 29, 2004

Revenues:		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
State grants		\$ 65,846 \$	70,624	\$ 4,778
Interest and rentals	9	500	535	
Total revenues		66,346	71.159	35 4.813
Expenditures:				
Highways and Streets:	•			
Maintenance		23,475	20,309	3,166
Traffic services		3,600	3,188	412
Snow and ice control		16,600	12,422	
Administration		11,700	5,890	4,178
Total expenditures		55,375	41,809	5,810 13,566
Net Change in Fund Balances		10,971	29,350	18,379
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		61,481	61,481	
Fund Balances - End of Year		\$ 72,452 \$	90,831	18,379

Village of Grass Lake
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Local Street Fund
Year Ended February 29, 2004

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			TOTHEYOLADIE
State grants	29,000	19,713	(0.007)
Interest and rentals	400	398	(9,287)
Total Revenues	29,400	20,111	(2) (9,289)
Expenditures:			
Highways and Streets:			
Maintenance	26,115	20,974	E 141
Traffic services	500	20,314	5,141 435
Snow and ice control	15,700	9,928	5,772
Administration	11,900	5,573	6,327
Total Expenditures	54,215	36,540	17,675
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(24.815)	(16,429)	8,386
Operating Transfers:			•
Operating transfers in	32,000	32,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>7,185</u>	15,571	8,386
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	55,238	55,238	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 62,423 \$	70,809	8,386

Village of Grass Lake Combining Balance Sheet Enterprise Funds February 29, 2004

		Sewer	· .	Water	Total
<u>Assets</u>		·			
Current Assets:			•		
Cash		\$ 402,967	7 \$	52,573 \$	455,540
Accounts receivable		28,175	5	22,830	51,005
Special assessments, current portion		33,118	5	· · · · -	33,115
Advance to other funds, current portion		9,126	3	-	9,126
Inventories		21,263	<u> </u>		21,263
Total current assets		494,646	_	75,403	570.049
Non-Current Assets:					
Special assessment receivables, net of current portion		354,514	ļ		354,514
Advance to other funds, net of current portions		28.076			28.076
Total non-current assets		382,590			382.590
Fixed Assets, Net	-	2,477,000		2.302.335	4.779.335
Total assets		3,354,236	\$	2.377.738 \$	5,731,974
Liabilities and Fund Equity	•				<u> </u>
Elasinstop prig a tria Equity					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	9	2,251	\$	1,528 \$	3,779
Current portion of bonds payable	•	130,000	*	90.000	220.000
Total current liabilities		132,251		91,528	223.779
Long-Term Liabilities:					•
Bonds payable		1,475,000		2.075,000	3.550.000
Total liabilities		1.607,251	_	2.166.528	3.773.779
Fund Equity:					
Contributed capital		2.022.666			2.000.666
Total contributed capital		2,022,666			2.022.666
Retained Earnings (Deficit):		2,022,000		-	2,022,666
Unreserved		(275,681)		211,210	(D4 474)
Total retained earnings	_	(275.681)		211,210	(64,471) (64,471)
Total fund equity	. 	1,746,985		211,210	1.958,195
Total liabilities and fund equity	<u>\$</u>	3,354,236	<u>\$</u>	2,377,738 \$	5.731.974

Village of Grass Lake
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and
Changes in Retained Earnings
Enterprise Funds
Year Ended February 29, 2004

	Sawer	Water	Total
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 251,940 \$	165.613 \$	417,553
Connection fees	81.700	60,000	141,700
Total operating revenue	333.640	225,613	559,253
Operating Expenses	246.73 <u>9</u> _	127.052	373.791
Operating Loss	86.901	98,561	185,462
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			•
Interest earned	4,387	711	5,098
Interest expense	(33,400)	(25,552)	(58,952)
Operating transfer in - component unit	45,000	<u> </u>	45,000
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u> 15.987</u>	(24.841)	(8.854)
Net Income	102,888	73,720	176.608
Retained Earnings (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(378,569)	137,490	(241,079)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (275,681) \$	211,210 \$	<u>(64.471</u>)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Funds Year Ended February 29, 2004

	Sewer	Water	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Net income (loss)	\$ 102,888	\$ 73,720	\$ 176,608
Adjustment to reconcile net income to cash			•
provided by operating activities			
Depreciation	62,787	48,143	110,930
Change in accounts receivable	(2,900)	(2,649)	•
Change in inventories	33,746	-	33,746
Change in accounts payable	727	1,528	2,255
Net cash provided by operating activities	197,248	120,742	317,990
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:	•		
Transfers in	45,000	<u> </u>	45,000
Cash Flows From Capital and Related			
Financing activities			
Collections on advance to other funds	7.296	_	7,296
Principal payment on bonds	(125,000)	(90,000)	(215,000)
Interest paid on bonds	(33,400)	(25,552)	(58,952)
Collections on special assessments	41,467	(20,002)	41,467
Contributions from customers	27,282	_	27,282
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	(82,355)	(115,552)	(197,907)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Interest received on investments	4,387	711	5,098
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	164,280	5,901	170,181
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	238,687	46,672	285,359
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 402,9 6 7	52,573	\$ 455,540

Village of Grass Lake Combining Balance Sheet Internal Service Funds February 29, 2004

	Village Hall and Grounds	Equipment Pool	Total
Assets		1 001	. I DIAI
Current Assets:			
Cash	\$ -	\$ 64,846	<u>\$ 64,846</u>
Total current assets		64,846	64.846
Property, Plant and Equipment:			
Land	49,793	_	49,793
Buildings	156,901		156,901
Machinery and equipment		178,362	178,362
Less accumulated depreciation	(55,090)	(154,065)	(209,155)
Total property, plant and equipment	151,604	24.297	175.901
Total assets	\$ 151.604 S	89,143	\$ 240.747
Liabilities and Fund Equity		·	
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 411 \$	2,204	\$ 2,615
Interfund payable	20,290	_,	20,290
Advance from other funds, current portion	9,126	_	9,126
Notes payable, current portion	6.345	8.123	14,468
Total liabilities	36.172	10,327	46.499
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Advance from other funds, net of current portion	28,076	-	28,076
Notes payable, net of current portion	41,187	7.774	48,961
Total non-current liabilities	69.263	7.774	77,037
Total liabilities	105.435	18,101	123,536
	·		
Fund Equity: Retained Earnings:			
Unreserved	46,169	71,042	117,211
Total retained earnings	46,169	71.042	117.211
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 151.604 \$	89.143	240,747

Village of Grass Lake
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and
Changes in Retained Earnings
Internal Service Funds
Year Ended February 29, 2004

	Village Hall	Equipment	<u></u>	
•	and Grounds	Pool	Total	
Operating Revenues:				
Rental income	<u>\$ 27.735</u> \$	46.081 \$	73.816	
Total operating revenue	27.735	46,081	73.816	
Operating Expenses:	21,876	31.314	53.190	
Operating Loss	5,859	14,767	20.626	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest expense	(6,011)	(90)	(6,101)	
Operating transfer in	2,000		2,000	
Operating transfer out	<u> </u>	(12.000)	(12,000)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(4,011)	(12.090)	(16,101)	
Net Income	1,848	2.677	4,525	
Retained Earnings - Beginning of Year	44.321	68,365	112,686	
Retained Earnings - End of Year	\$ 46.169 \$	71,042 \$	117.211	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended February 29, 2004

		Building and Grounds Maintenance		Equipment Pool		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				- 4.		
Net Income (loss)	\$	1,848	\$	2,677	\$	4,525
Adjustment to reconcile net income to cash						
provided by operating activities	•					
Depreciation		7,870		.13,545		21,415
Change in accounts payable		98		1,261		1,359
Interfund payable		5,972				5,972
Net cash provided by operating activities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15,788		17,483		33,271
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Transfers in		2,000				2,000
Transfers out		2,000		(12,000)		2,000 (12,000)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u> </u>	2,000		(12,000)	_	(10,000)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related				•		
Financing activities						
Payment on advance to other funds		(7,296)				(7.000)
Proceeds from note payable		(7,290)		24 200		(7,296)
Principal payment on notes		- /4 404\		24,299		24,299
Interest expense		(4,481)		(8,402)		(12,883)
Net cash provided by capital and related		(6,011)		(90)		(6,101)
financing activities		(17,788)		15,807		(1,981)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		· · <u>-</u>		21,290		21,290
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		<u> </u>		43,556	<u>. </u>	43,556
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	<u>\$</u>		\$	64,846	\$	64,846



August 24, 2004

RECEIVED

DEC 2 9 2004

LOCAL AUDIT & FINANCE DIV.

Members of Village Council Village of Grass Lake Jackson, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Grass Lake for the year ended February 29, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated August 24, 20004. In planning and performing our audit of the general purpose financial statements of the Village, we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

The Management of the Village of Grass Lake is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control. The objectives of internal control are to provide the Council with a reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with the Council's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of the inherent limitations in any system of internal control, errors and irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

Our study and evaluations made for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph would not necessarily disclose all material weaknesses in the system. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the system of internal accounting control of the Village taken as a whole. However, our study and evaluation disclosed no conditions that we believe to be a material weakness.

Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material errors, fraud, or illegal acts may exist and not be detected by us.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the Village. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control. Members of Village Council Village of Grass Lake Page 2

Our Responsibility under Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (Continued)

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the Village's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our tests was not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility for selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Village are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the current year. We noted no transactions entered into by the Village during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There was no material estimates recorded in the current year.

Audit Adjustments

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define an audit adjustment as a proposed correction of the financial statements that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. An audit adjustment may or may not indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the Village's financial reporting process (that is, cause future financial statements to be materially misstated). We had to do a large amount of journal entries at year-end that did have a material affect on the financial statements of the Village.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Members of Village Council Village of Grass Lake Page 3

Issues Discussed Prior to Retention of Independent Auditors

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Village's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Village Council and management of the Village and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

willis & Jurasek

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.

Comment and Recommendations

Page 1

Audit Adjustments

As noted above, several journal entries were needed at year end. We made a total of 28 journal entries. Several involved cash. We would suggest that different procedures be put in place to monitor the cash balances. Some of the entries involved duplicate recording of some items that should be caught during the year with the bank reconciliation processes that are needed.

Bank Reconciliation

The bank reconciliations do not appear to be compared back to the general ledger during the year. As part of the overall process the bank balances need to be compared to the general ledger accounts and discrepancies corrected monthly. You may consider realigning the bank accounts used and the manner in which some of the general ledger coding effects these balances.

Fixed Assets

We recommend you set up new accounts within your general ledger, one for depreciable fixed assets and one for non-depreciable fixed assets. This would allow easy monitoring and updating of your schedules and will become more important with the implementation of GASB 34 reporting requirements.

GASB 34

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. The new reporting model will significantly impact government's financial statement presentation. Under the new reporting model, general purpose governments must present the following basic financial statements and required supplementary information:

- Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A).
- Government-wide financial statements.
- Fund financial statements.
- Notes to the financial statements.
- Required supplementary information, including budgetary comparison schedules and other data required by previous GASB pronouncements.

The MD&A is a narrative report prepared in an easy-to-read format by the government's financial manager. It should:

- Introduce the basic financial statements.
- Provide an analytical overview of the government's financial manager's knowledge of the transactions, events, and conditions reflected in the financial report and the fiscal policies that control the government's operations.

GASB No. 34 requires MD&A to include, at a minimum:

- A brief discussion of the relationships of the basic financial statements to each other and the major differences in the information provided in each.
- A comparison in condensed form of information presented in the government-wide financial statements for the current and prior year.
- An analysis of significant changes that occurred in individual funds and any limitations that might affect the availability of fund resources in the future.
- An analysis of significant budget variances (original vs. final budget and final budget vs. actual
 results) for the general fund or its equivalent, including reasons for those variances that may
 affect future services or liquidity.

Comment and Recommendations Page 2

GASB 34 (Continued)

- A summary of significant capital asset and long-term debt activity with a discussion of commitments and limitations that may affect future financing of planned facilities or services.
- A description of facts, conditions, or decisions of which management was aware on or before
 the audit report date that are expected to have a significant impact on financial position or
 results of operations after the reporting date.

The implementation date for the new reporting model is in phases depending on the government's revenues. For the Village, the new standard will be effective for the year ended February 28, 2005. The Village needs to begin planning for the new standard to ensure a smooth transition.

Budget

Public Act 621 requires budget amendments prior to actual expenditures being made if expenditures exceed budgeted amounts. During the year, the Village had certain actual amounts that exceeded the budget at year-end. While the amounts were minor in nature, procedures should be put in place to amend the budget as needed during the year when expenditures exceed the budget. This may require budget amendments to be made periodically during the fiscal year.